			Goods p	producing		Service providing									
Characteristic	Local government 2,3,4	Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration	
Total	128.4					128.4					99.6			188.4	
Nature of injury, illness:															
Fractures	10.3					10.3					9.1			11.9	
Sprains, strains, tears	39.8					39.8					32.9			57.3	
Amputations	2.6					2.6									
Bruise, contusions	15.9					15.9					16.2			15.3	
Chemical burns and corrosions															
Heat (thermal) burns															
Soreness, pain	31.4					31.4					20.1			52.5	
Cuts, lacerations, punctures	2.1				1	2.1								4.0	
Cuts, lacerations	1.7					1.7								3.2	
Punctures (except gunshot wounds) Carnal tunnel syndrome]]								
Carpal tunnel syndrome Tendonitis											[]				
Multiple traumatic injuries	5.3					5.3					4.1			8.6	
With sprains and other injuries	3.5					3.5					2.6			5.9	
With fractures and other injuries	1.2					1.2					1.4			5.5	
That indecares and solici injuries	1.2														
Part of body affected:															
Head	7.6					7.6					4.1			15.8	
Eye	1.3					1.3								3.1	
Neck															
Trunk	19.3					19.4					12.8			32.9	
Back	14.8					14.8					10.3			24.0	
Upper extremities	37.6					37.7					34.9			44.5	
Shoulder	10.3					10.3					8.6			14.8	
Arm	4.2					4.2					2.3			8.1	
Wrist	4.1					4.1					5.1				
Hand	15.6					15.6					14.7			17.1	
Lower extremities	39.2					39.2					30.0			60.3	
Knee	20.5					20.5					14.0			36.4	
Ankle	11.0					11.0					11.9			10.4	
Foot	2.2					2.2					1.4			3.7	
Toe, toenail															
Body systems	3.0					3.0								7.7	
Multiple	20.9					20.9					16.5			26.2	
Course of injury illaness															
Source of injury, illness:							J								
Chemical, chemical products	1.2]	1.2	-								
Containers Furniture fixtures	7.2 8.0					7.2 8.0					9.7 10.7				
Furniture, fixtures Machinery	8.0]	8.0]				10.7			3.3	
Parts and materials	7.8					7.8]	8.7			5.8	
Person, injured or ill worker	19.8					19.8					13.3			34.1	
Worker motion or position	19.5					19.5					13.3			33.2	
Person, other than injured or ill workers	15.9					15.9					13.4			23.7	
Health care patient	5.7					5.7					5.3			7.5	
Floors, walkways, ground surfaces	26.1					26.1								22.4	
Ladder	.9					.9									
Handtools	1.5					1.5	:l								
Vehicles	19.7					19.7					4.5			45.7	
Trucks	3.2					3.2								7.3	
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Characteristic	Local government 2,3,4	Goods producing					Service providing									
		Total goods producing	Natural resources and mining ^{2,3}	Construction	Manufacturing	Total service providing	Trade, transportation and utilities ⁴	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Public Administration		
Cart, dolly, hand truck - nonpowered	1.1					1.1										
Event or exposure:																
Violence and other injuries by persons or animal	14.8					14.8					10.4			23.4		
Intentional injury by other person	7.0					7.0					6.5			9.1		
Injury by person - unintentional or intent unknown	5.1					5.1					3.7			9.0		
Animal and insect related incidents	2.7					2.7								5.3		
Transportation incidents	15.1					15.1					2.8			36.8		
Roadway incidents involving motorized land vehicles	12.4					12.4					2.6			29.3		
Fires and explosions																
Falls, slips, trips	37.9					37.9					32.4			51.9		
Slips, trips without fall	4.2					4.2								11.5		
Fall on same level	25.5					25.5					28.1			22.8		
Fall to lower level	8.1					8.1					3.3			17.2		
Exposure to harmful substances or environments	9.8					9.8					9.9			11.0		
Contact with object, equipment	18.6					18.6					17.0			23.6		
Struck by object or equipment	10.9					10.9					11.3			10.7		
Struck against object or equipment	2.7					2.7					1.6			5.4		
Caught in or compressed by object or equipment	4.8					4.8					4.1			7.0		
Overexertion and bodily reaction	32.2					32.2					27.2			41.7		
Repetitive motion involving microtasks																
Overexertion in lifting or lowering	8.5					8.5					9.4			6.0		

 1 Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N/EH) x 20,000,000 where

I = number of injuries and illnesses

EH = total hours worked by all employees during calendar year

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 equivalent full-time workers (working 40 hours per week,

50 weeks per year).

not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002: therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that are not available. Because of rounding and data exclusion of nonclassifiable responses, data may not sum to the totals.

SOURCE: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses in cooperation with participating state agencies, October 16, 2018

² Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

³ Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

⁴ Data for mining (Sector 21 in the North American Industry Classification System) include establishments not governed by the Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA) rules and reporting, such as those in oil and gas extraction and related support activities. Data for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries. These data do

S Data for employers in rail transportation are provided to BLS by the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation. These data do not reflect the changes the Occupational Safety and Health Administration made to its recordkeeping requirements effective January 1, 2002; therefore estimates for these industries are not comparable to estimates in other industries.